



BSI Standards Publication

Mechanical vibration — Measurement and evaluation of machine vibration

Part 9: Gear units

National foreword

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Part 9: Gear units

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 108, *Mechanical vibration, shock and condition monitoring*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Measurement and evaluation of mechanical vibration and shock as applied to machines, vehicles and structures*.

This first edition of ISO 20816-9 is a technical revision of ISO 8579-2:1993, which was withdrawn in 2016.

The main changes compared to ISO 8579-2:1993 are as follows:

- It has been re-formatted to match other parts of the ISO 20816 series and includes zones A to D.
- It has two new tables for values of vibration and displacement at zone boundaries.
- A table with values for vibration acceleration rating at zone boundaries has also been included.
- The classifications table has been revised, referring to these new rating tables.
- The displacement and velocity rating graphs have been moved into an informative annex.

A list of all parts in the ISO 20816 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

ISO 20816-1 is the part of the ISO 20816 series that gives the general requirements for evaluating the vibration of various machine types when the vibration measurements are made on both non-rotating parts and rotating shafts.

ISO 20816-9 (this document) provides specific provisions for assessing the vibration of individually housed, enclosed, speed increasing or speed reducing gear units. It can be used for acceptance testing, and, by agreement between manufacturer and customer and/or operator, for guidance for routine operational measurements.

Guidance is provided for assessing the vibration of gear units when operating under steady-state conditions and considering the magnitude of the observed vibration. However, no criteria are provided for transient operating conditions.

The evaluation procedures presented in this document are based on broad-band measurements. However, because of advances in technology, the use of narrow-band measurements or spectral analysis has become increasingly widespread, particularly for the purposes of vibration evaluation, condition monitoring and diagnostics. The specification of criteria for such measurements is beyond the scope of this document. They are provided in greater detail in the relevant parts of the ISO 13373 series which establish requirements for the vibration condition monitoring of machines.

Mechanical vibration — Measurement and evaluation of machine vibration —

Part 9: Gear units

1 Scope

This document specifies requirements for determining and classifying mechanical vibration of individually housed, enclosed, speed increasing or speed reducing gear units. It specifies methods for measuring housing and shaft vibrations, and the types of instrumentation, measurement methods and testing procedures for determining vibration magnitudes. Vibration grades for acceptance are included.

Torsional vibration measurements are outside the scope of this document.

It applies to a gear unit operating within its design speed, load, temperature and lubrication range for acceptance testing at the manufacturer's facility. By agreement between manufacturer and customer and/or operator, it can be used for guidelines for on-site acceptance testing and for routine operational measurements.

This document applies to gear units of nominal power rating from 10 kW to 100 MW and nominal rotational speeds between 30 r/min and 12 000 r/min (0,5 Hz to 200 Hz).

This document does not apply to special or auxiliary drive trains, such as integrated gear-driven compressors, pumps, turbines, etc., or gear type clutches used on combined-cycle turbo generators and power take-off gears.

The evaluation criteria provided in this document can be applied to the vibration of the main input and output bearings of the gearbox and to the vibration of internal shaft bearings. They can have limited application to the evaluation of the condition of those gears. Specialist techniques for evaluating the condition of gears are outside the scope of this document.

This document establishes provisions under normal steady-state operating conditions for evaluating the severity of the following *in-situ* broad-band vibration:

- a) structural vibration at all main bearing housings or pedestals measured radially (i.e. transverse) to the shaft axis;
- b) structural vibration at thrust bearing housings measured in the axial direction;
- c) vibration of rotating shafts radially (i.e. transverse) to the shaft axis at, or close to, the main bearings;
- d) structural vibration on the gear casing.

NOTE Vibration occurring during non-steady-state conditions (when transient changes are taking place), including run up or run down, initial loading and load changes are outside the scope of this document.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.